Work for Congress to do.

After Voting on Puerto Rican Bill Tuesday the House May Select its Next Subject.

Washington, Feb 25 -- The time of the senate during the present week will be divided between the questions policy towards the insular posses Quay upon the nomination of governor of Pennsylvania Hawaiian bill remains the unfinished business subject to removal at any time by the Quay re colution and also by the conference report upon the currency bill.

Senetor Aldrich has given notice that he will make an explanation of the currency bill agreement on Wed seday, and that he will call it up the next day (Thursday) and then cek final action upon it The rewest, of course, will lead to a spirit ed contest, to many charp speeches and to the final adoption of the re port by practically the same vote by which the bill originally passed the seate. The matter may be before be conste for several days

There will be speeches during the there is a probability of reaching a vote on it the latter part of the week Senator Chandler probably will speak Mr Quey Monday, and Senator Turley in opposition Later in the week Senatore Hoar and Penrose will talk for Mr Quay, and Senator Buronly short speeches will be heard Senator Penrose says he will make an effort to have the discussion con ned to the morning hour, so as not to interfere with other questions be fore the cenate, but that if a disposi tion to delay the vote should become epparent be will then press the Quay tter He counts upon a vote later in the week, and says he expects larger vote than was cast in Mr cay's favor in taking the resolution

When the Ilawaiian bill is voted apon the Puerto Rican bill will be taken up. Senator Depew Tuesday, will speak on the preblems connected with the Philippine islands

The event of the week in the house of representatives will be the taking of the vote on the Puerto Rica tariff III. This has been set for 3 p m Tuesday, although the differences which have arisen on the bill may compel a rearrangement of the pro gramme The general debate on the measure will close Monday, and Tuesday up to the hour of voting the debate will proceed under the five minute rule. Extraordinary interest attaches to the outcome of this strug gle, owing to the differences which eve arisen on the Republican side of the chamber It had been ar ranged that the debate should pro eeed Monday night, but this must give way to the report on conference in the hall of the house at 8 p m when the final effort will be made to reconcile differences and agree upon a compromise bill

I the rest of the week no exact procedure has been arranged except bat the Alabama contested election case of Aldrich vs Robbins will be considered as soon as the Puerto Mican bill is out of the way This case involves race questions and gives the opportunity for that extend ed range of debate usually excited by questions of that nature

The army appropriation bill is on the calendar and doubtless will re seive consideration the latter part of the week Owing to the extent of the military forces in the Philippines, the appropriations this year are ex ceptionally heavy, and this may bring on a general discussion of army affairs and the Philippines

The Hawaiian bill and the Nicara gue canal bill are also awaiting a bearing. although it is not likely either of them will be taken up this

Twenty years ago, says the Chica go Tribune, Charles M Schwab went to work in the Carnegie iron works at Pittsburg as a stake driver at a salary of \$1 a day Now he is president of the Carnegie Steel Company, limited, and draws a salary larger than that of the president of the United States And he is only thirty seven years old As the executive head of the great Carnegie interest, Mr Schwab is just now prominent in the public eye He was born in Pennsylvania, and had only a common echool education At fifteen years of age he went to work, and he does not believe in a college education for a business man. For a year or two he drove a mail wagon and clerked in a grocery and Albert C. Loring of Minneapolis store. In his seventeenth year he got a job with the Carnegie company His first work was to drive stakes for the foundation of a new at \$25,000,000. Proceedings similar building His rise was so rapid as to be phenomenal He became chief in every circuit where the company engineer in 1887, general manager a owns property The greatest litiga little later, and in 1896 a partner in tion will probably be in Wisconsin. the company. Years ago he was as the majority of the company's offered a salary of more than \$50,000 property is in this State The com year to go to England and take pany, Mr Ballou's bill sets forth, will charge of some English iron and be unable to meet any of its obligusteel works This offer he declined tions as they mature Its cash in Buffalo News. at once.

old Moran building. Feb 26 -3t | obligations.

Atoohol Fire Near Paris.

Parie, Feb 25 -As the result of a fire that broke out this morning at St. Ouen, a suburb of Paris, in a collection of alcohol and oil stores from some unknown cause a series of explosions bill to provide that a purchaser of occurred, spreading the fames until a block of six immense warehouses was

involved in a buge conflagration. A great concourse of spectators had assembled and had approached too near, of the finances, the government when, suddenly and unexpectedly, the explosion occurred A large number ions and the ceating of Senator of people, including some firemen. were more or less injured The last explosion occurred as 6 o'clock this afternoon when it was thought that all such danger had been averted. Thirty persons were injured by flying debris

The official computation shows that 150 were burt, and quite a number se-

The fire broke out at 8 o'clock from obtained firm hold before it was dis. be chosen by the purchaser and one covered It progressed without excit ing incidents during the morning and, such sample was taken from such at I o'clock had been gotten under control At 4 o'clock however, the falling cate, with the sample, shall be sealed walls permitted the fiames to reach a by a third disinterested party in the number of alcohol vate, and then the presence of said witnesses, and diexplosions began to take place.

The block of warehouses was . almost surrounded by unoccupied ground over which the burning alcohol spread when the said sample analyzed free of cost, the buildings collapsed, resembling a and within three months after receivsea of flames and causing consternation | ing the cample supply shall furnish throughout the district People in the the purchasers of such fertilizers or dwellings nearby hastily removed their | manures with a certificate giving the furniture. The suffocating beat and fumes seriously hampered the work of the fire brigade. A number of engines chemist of Clemson Agricultural and were sent from Paris to assist. The rows in opposition. After these, fremen worked fearlessly and, more shall be admissible as evidence in all than once, were precipitated to the ground by falling roofs and walls.

> A detachment of soldiers aided the fremen in emptying the adjacent bouses of furniture; and the ambulances were buey to carrying victims to the neighboring hospital

Fortunately the dames did not reach the immense reservoirs of petroleum. The loss is estimated at 2,000,000 sis on the sack or vessel holding

Water For Communion Ser. VICOS.

Rev Edward Everett Hale, the venerable pastor of the South Congregational church, has brought about a radical departure in the communion service at his church by substituting water for wine. Dr Hale has been desirous for many years to bring about cants tasted ordinary water in place of the grape juice at the service last Sup day there was considerable comment Dr Hale explained the matter to the congregation by saying that in, accord ance with his earnest desire of some years the officers of the church had decided to use water in the communion

"This is a mero matter of detail," he said. "The use of wine is no way essential to the communion At the great national conferences of the Uni tarian church I administered commu cion with water. Christ in His life on earth took the cup and drank the wine of the country In every land it is customary to use in the communion service the beverage of the country, a d thank God, water has now come to be the beverage of America.'

Dr Hale concluded his remarks with word in reference to the many per sons who find wine either a temptation er an offense and are, therefore, virtually barred from the communion table.-Boston Transcipt.

The Board of Regents.

The terms of two members of the board of regents of the bospital for the income have expired. The two are Messra Anthony White, of Sumter, and Iredell Jones, of Rock Hall Gov MaSweeney expects to fill the vacancies by appointment tomorrow, and it is practically certain that both gentlemen will be reappointed, for they have done excellent service on the board. The terms are six years each -The State, January 26

FLOUR TRUST BUSTS.

Milwaukee, Feb 26 .- The United States Milling company, generally known as the flour trust, collapsed Saturday afternoon, but the fact did not become known until today, when Judge Jenkins in proceedings ancillary to the United States court of New Jersey appointed three receivers for the company, two of whom are now in charge of the property. The collapse is credited to the com pany's inability to float its securities on the open market The receivers are Daniel Thomas of New York, Charles E Kimball of Summit, N. J. The same receivers were appointed in Minnesota and New Jersey It was formed last April and capitalized to today's will have to be instituted the bank is about \$1,000 and it has no bills or accounts receivable, the Boyle's Stables are now at his new stand, proceeds of which would be sufficient corner of Liberty and Harvin Streets-the to meet the matured and marturing

Analysis of Fertilizers.

Mr Ashley failed to get the senate to pass his bill reducing the privilege tax on fertilizers to 10 cents a ton. But he was more successful with his chemical fertilizers may have the same analyzed free of cost at Clem. son college

The act, which was approved by the governor on the 19th, reads: Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of the State of South

Carolina:

That from and after the passage of this act, any citizen of this State who shall purchase any commercial fertil izers or manures, shall have the right to have the same analyzed by Clemson Agricultural and Mechanical college, by taking a sample of same from at least 10 per cent of such fertilizers in the presence of at least some sause as yet unknown and bad two disinterested witnesses, one to by the seller, who shall certify that fertilizers or manures, which certifi rected to Clemson Agricultural and Mechanical college.

> Sec 2 The said college shall have per cent of the different fertilizing ingredients of same, signed by the Mechanical college, which certificate suits relative to such fertilizers or manures, whether the same be instituted by the vendor or purchaser of

> Sec 3 That any vendor of commercial fertilizers or manures whose goods or wares fall short to the ex tent of 10 per cent in any fertilizing ingredient guaranteed by the analy same, when delivered to the pur chaser, shall forfeit one-half the sale price thereof, to be recovered by suit of set up as a counter-claim to an action for the purchase price of such fertilizers or manures

Sec 4. Be it further enacted : That if any seller or yendor of fertilizers or commercial manures shall refuse. decline or neglect to choose a wit ness, as provided in section 1, after having been notified or requested by the purchaser so to do, then he or they shall have forfeited their right so to do, and the purchaser shall select two witnesses, who shall select the third witness, who shall proceed to take samples as hereinbefore pro vided All samples of fertilizers drawn under the provisions of this act shall be subject to such other rules as may be prescribed by the the board of trustees of Clemson col lege, not inconsistent with this act.

Sec 5 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed

Mme. Patti's Substitute.

To some persons a poor singer may be better than no singer at all, but the least musical person cannot fail to perceive the irony of the situation described below:

Once when traveling in the north of Ireland, an Englishman of letters chanced upon a small town which, to his surprise, he found extensively filled with announcements of a concert at which Mme. Patti was to appear.

The price of admission to the back of the hall being the extremely moderate one of threepence, he hastened to secure a seat. After a long interval of waiting, the manager stepped forward,

"Ladies and gentlemen, I regret to say that Mme. Patti is unable to appear tonight. In order, however, to save you from disappointment, I have arranged that Miss Arabella Jones of our town of Ballyslackguthery shall favor you with a song."-Youth's Companion.

Weapons of the Skunk.

A skunk once challenged a lion to single combat. The lion promptly declined the honor. "Why," said the skunk, "are you afraid?" "Very much so," said the lion, "for you would only gain fame for having the honor to fight with a lion, while every one who met me for a month would know I had been in company with a skunk."

This feminds us of the story about Henry Ward Beecher's father, the famous Dr. Lyman Beecher, who, when asked why he did not reply to somebody who had, severely attacked him in a newspaper, replied that when a young man, crossing a field one night with an armful of books, he saw a small animal and after hurling several volumes at the animal found he got the worst of it, and ever since had thought It better to let such animals alone.-Our Dumb Animals.

Probably.

"It must have taken lots of nerve for him to laugh and joke with the doctors while they were taking his leg off at the knee. Didn't he seem excited?"

"Well, I thought be talked in rather a disjointed manner."-Chicago Trib-

He Called Himself a Meteor.

The Rocky Gulch cowboy who broke up a show in that town by shooting at the actors called himself a meteor because, he said, he was shooting stars.

There is none made so great but he may both need beto and service and stand in fear of the power and enkin lness even of the meanest of mor-

POSITIONS IN SLEEP.

HOW VICTIMS OF INSOMNIA MAY WOO SWEET SLUMBER.

The Way One Should Lie In Bed In Order to Obtain Natural Repose. Various Ailments and the Postures Best Adapted to Them.

Positions that woo sleep in victims of insomnia is an interesting study made by a well known metropolitan physician, Whitman V. White of Brooklyn. Dr. White is a specialist on nervous diseases and in a mild but emphatic manner scores his professional brethren for their free administration of narcotics. He denounces the practice as unnecessarily taxing on the disorganized systems of insomnia patients in many cases. In his own experience he has found a simple method adequate without weakening after effects likely to produce increased symptoms.

"Through a study based on the laws of physiology in human anatomy extending over a period of a dozen (more years I have learned that under certain physical malconditions," said the physician, "the subject may be riven relief by assuming positions at rest that will from the ease afforded the affected parts serve as a natural somnolent agency. It will be readily understood that a constrained position will tend to prevent natural repose, while a comfortable one will woo it. But what may in most cases seem to be a position of ease may in reality be the reverse.

"For instance, a dyspeptic will rest more easily lying on the right side for the simple reason that in that position the food naturally gravitates out of the stomach and into the intestines, while if lying on the opposite side that organ, in its weakened state, has to perform an uphill process of digestion. This is amply sufficient to produce insomnia.

"Lying flat on the back, with the limbs relaxed, would seem to secure the greatest amount of rest for the muscular system, whether in good health or illness. Such is the position advocated by physicians generally in the most exhausting diseases, and it is hailed as a sign of rapid recovery when a patient exhibits an inclination to turn on either side. But at the same time there are several disadvantages in the supine posture which impair or embarrass sleep, whether in case of severe illness or ordinary health. Thus in weakly states of the heart or blood vessels and certain morbid conditions of the brain the blood seems to gravitate to the back of the head and to accordingly produce troublesome dreams. I believe that much of that weakening delirium which the physician has to contend with in treating serious maladies is often occasioned in this

"In persons who habitually stoop in their gait or work, either as a result of the requirements of their occupation or from the course of their physical development, there must necessarily be some distress consequent in straightening the spine. It may not be sufficient to cause pain and yet be such a strain as to prevent perfect ease. The result is unconscious restlessness, which is the producer of in-

"People who have contracted chests cannot sleep well lying upon their backs. This rule applies especially to those who have suffered with pleurisy and retain adhesions of the lungs. They will find it easier to get to sleep upon the right side and that their somnolent rest will do them more good if they observe this advice. Furthermore, the habit of lying on the back is the creator of snoring, which much belabors sleep and prevents the subject from receiving the full benefit of its recuper-

ating effects. "It is desirable, therefore, in all cases to lie on the side, and in the absence of special diseases rendering it more desirable to lie on the weak side, which leaves the strong lung free to expand, the right side should be chosen. A glance at any plate of the visceral anatomy will show that when the body is thus placed the food in the process of digestion is greatly aided in its passage from the stomach into the intestines. Here the principle of gravitation directly applies. Then the fact that the stomach doesn't compress the upper portion of the intestines is still another advantage to be gained from lying on the right side when sleep wooing ease to the entire human mech-

some injurious eccentricities, or fads, in sleeping which I have observed. A wealthy woman once came to me for treatment for bad dreams of the order commonly called nightmare. Upon making inquiry I discovered that she was in the habit of lying at rest with her arms thrown up over het head, a position greatly to be deprecated, although it will induce sleep in persons who have weak lungs. The circulation is thereby made stronger in the extremities, and the head and neck and muscles of the chest are drawn up and relaxed by the shoulders."--

Unconstitutional. "What a wretched daub!" exclaimed the unsophisticated visitor at the art

"Ha, ha!" laughed the stranger. "It is a pity to violate all the time honored precedents, but I really am not the

This is a cold, iconoelastic age, and

Good Lesson Early Learned. "Twenty-five cents was the foundation of my fortune."

"Nobody. I tried to borrow it and touldn't."-Chicago Record.

Man and His Tailor.

A man can be measured to the best advantage, tailors say, away from a glass. Standing before a mirror he is almost certain to throw out his chest, if he does not habitually carry it so, and take an attitude that he would like to have rather than the one he commonly holds, whereas the tailor wants him, as the portrait painter wants his subject, in his natural pose and manner. With the man in that attitude the tailor can bring his art to bear, if that is required, in the overcoming of any physical defect and produce clothes that will give the best attainable effect upon the figure as they will be actually worn.-New York Sun.

His Remedy.

The other day a little stenographer workmen who were putting up a new telephone not to place it so high on the wall as they were doing.

"You see," she said, "I have to use it as much as any one, and I am so short that I can hardly reach it."

comfort.-Indianapolis Journal

The Times of Cuba asserts that no vana jail, even upon a written order from the authorities, unless he first grease the palm of the jailer with a quarter. "It costs money to get in," says the journal referred to, "and it costs more to get out."

Compressed air has within a short time been introduced into workshops as a means of doing many things laboriously performed of old by hand. Weights are lifted and carried from floor to bench, or lathe. Chisel work is done, also riveting. And there are ingenious devices for employing this power of compressed air in many

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.



No.11 Daily	No. 3 Daily	EASTERN TIME.	No. 6 Daily	
7 25p 7 58p	7 00a 7 41a 8 55a 9 23a 10 15a	" Summerville" " Branchville" " Orangeburg"	11 10a 1) 30a 9 10a 8 41a 7 55a	8 15p 7 28p 6 09p 5 33p 4 43p
	11 45a 11 40a			3 00p 2 50p
930p	11 00a	ArColumbiaLv	7 10a	4 00n

. " 8 00a 5 03p " 7 03a 3 55p .Blackville ... 10 20p 11 51a Ar. Augusta un.d. Lv " | 6 20a | 3 10; NOTE: In addition to the above service rains Nos. 15 and 16 run daily between Charles ton and Columbia, carrying elegant Pullman sieeping cars. No. 15 leave Charleston 11:00 p. m.; arrive Columbia 6:00 a. m. No. 16 leave Co-lumbia 1:30 a. m.; arrive Charleston 7:00 a. m. Sleeping cars ready for occupancy at 9:00 p. m. both at Charleston and Columbia. These trains

Sleepers between Augusta, Aiken and New

anism is under serious consideration.

"In conclusion, I wish to refer to Ly. Charleston Philadelphia Times.

exhibition, turning to speak to a

painter of that picture."

the mortifying, yet instructive, contretemps of the olden time is not good form in literature now .- Chicago Trib-

"Who gave it to you?"

in a down town office begged some

"Oh, well, miss," said the humorist in charge of the work, "you can raise your voice, can't you?"-Boston Tran-

Knew What He Wanted. The Amiable Plutocrat-But riches

a not bring happiness. · Unamiable Pauper-But I ain't

fer happiness. All I want is

visitor can obtain access to the Ha-

No.11 Daily	No. 3 Daily	EASTERN TIME.	No. 6 Daily	
7 25p 7 58p	7 4la 8 55a	" Summerville" " Branchville" " Orangeburg"	11 10a 10 30a 9 10a 8 41a 7 55a	8 15p 7 28p 6 00p 5 33p 4 43p
	11 45a 11 40a			3 00p 2 50p
930p	11 00a	ArColumbiaLv	7 10a	4 00p
5 20p 7 25p	7 00a 9 15a	Lv. Charleston Ar "Branchville"	11 10a 8 50a	

make close connections at Columbia. These trains make close connections at Columbia with through trains between Florida points and Washington and the east. Connection with trains Nos. 31 and 32 New York and Florida Limited between Blackville, Aiken and Augusta. No. 31 leaves Blackville at 8:40 a. m., Aiken 9:29 a. m., Augusta 10:10 a. m. No. 31 leaves Augusta 6.25 p. m., Aiken 7.08 p. m., Blackville 7.55 p. m. Pullman Drawing Room Bleebers between Augusta Aiken and New

			Ex. Sun.		Ex. Sun.
Lv. Augusta Ar. Sandersville " 'Tennille			100p	9 30a 12 43p 12 50p	5 20p 8 32p 8 40p
Lv. Tennille "Sandersville. Ar. Augusta.			5 40a 5 50a 9 00a	4 00p	3 23p
	Daily	Daily		Daily Ex su	
Lv. Savannah " Allendale " Barnwell " Blackville		12 15p 4 02p 4 17p	6 35a 7 25a 10 15a		5 05a 6 15a 7 458
Az. Batesburg			12 30p		
Ar. Columbia	6 00a	6 00p		9 35p	11 30a
	Daily	Daily	Mix. Ex su	Mix. Ex su	Daily ex Mo
Lv. Columbia	11 30a	1 25a	6 00a		7 05a
Lv. Batesburg				215p	
Ar. Blackville "Barnwell "Allendale "Savannah	1 27p	3 20a	10 15a 11 00a 1 00p	9 15p	8 32a 8 48a 9 12a 10 35a
Atlan	ata a	nd B	eyon	1.	

**	Savannah 3 20p 5 15a		10 353
	Atlanta and Beyond	1.	
Ar.	Charleston 7 00a Augusta 11 51a A lanta 8 20p Atlanta 11 00p Chattanooga 5 45a	10 20p 5 00a 5 30a	
Lv.	Atlanta. Birmingham Memphis, (via Birmingham)	5 40a 11 35a 8 05p	4 15p 10 00p 7 15a
	Lexington, Cincinnati Chicago.	5 00p 7 30p 7 15a	
Ar.	Louisville. St. Louis	7 30p 7 04a	
Ar.	Memphis. (via Chattanooga)	7 10p	7 40a
To	Asheville-Cincinnati-L	ouisv	ille.
1	EASTERN TIME.	Nol34	

3 10p 11 25a 7 00p 2 37p 4 15a 7 20p Ar. Spartanburg Knoxville. 7 30p 7 458 6 50s Louisville (via Jellico).

Lv. Columbia (Union Depot).

Daily Daily

11 40a 7 55a

Lv. Augusta. "Batesburg. "Columbia (Union Depot) Ar. Charlotte	4 45p 5 55p	930p 12 07a 2 15a 9 40a
Ar. Danville,	12 51a	Lasp
Ar. Richmond		6 250
Ar. Washington. "Baltimore Pa. R. R. "Philadelphia. "New York	11 35a	8 50p 11 25p 2 56a 6 13a

Atlanta, via Augusta, making connections at Atlanta for all points North and West. Solid Trains between Charleston and Asheville.

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Traffic Manager,
Washington, D. C.

GEORGE B. ALLEN, Div. Pass. Agt., Charleston, S. C. W. A. TURK, Gen. Pass. Agt., Washington, D. C.
S. H. HARDWICK, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., Atlanta, Ga.

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Kodol Dyspepsia Cure.

Digests what you eat. Itartificially digests the food an laids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered direstant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea,

all other results of imperfect digestion.
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Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

North-Eastern R. R. of S. C CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

Tour Country

TRAINS GOING SOUTH

ith In

TRAINS GOING BOUTH					
Dated Jan 14, 1900.	No. 36*	Nć. 23●	No. 53*	No. 51*	
	9 m	рœ		a m	
Le Florence	2 34	7 45		9 40	
Le Kingstree		8.46		1000	
Ar Lance	3 28	9 04	p m	11 20	
Le Lanes	3 38	9 30	6 45	11 20	
Ar Charleston	5 04	10 55	8 30	1 (0	

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 78*	No.	No. 520	No. 50*
	a m	p m	8 m	p m
Le Charleston	6 33	4 49	7 00	4 00
Ar Lanes	8 16	6 15	8 32	5 39
Le Lanes -	8 16	6 15	1000	5 39
Le Kingstree	8 32			
Ar Florence	9 25	7 25		7 05
	a m	p m	a m	p m

Daily. †Daily except Sunday. No 52 runs through to Columbia via Cen-

Trains Nos. 78 and 32 run via Wilson and ayetteviile-Short Line-and make close onnection for all points North. Trains on C. & D R. R. leave Florence

Jaily except Sunday 9 50 a m, arrive Darlington 10 15 a m, Hartsville 9 15 a m, Cheraw 11 30 a m, Wadesboro 2 25 p m. Leave Florence daily except Sunday 7 55 p m, arppettsville 9 17 Gibson 9 45 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 30 a m. arrive Derlington Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 600

a m, Bennetteville 7 00 a m, arrive Darlington 8 00 a m, leave Darlington 8 50 a m, arrive Florence 9 15 a m. Leave Wadesboro laily except Sunday 3 00 p m, Cheraw 4 45 p m, Hartsville 7 00 a m, Darlington 6 29 m, arrive Florence 7 00 pm. Leave Darington Sunday only 8 50 a m, arrive Flor-

nce 9 15 a m. J. R. KENLEY. JNO. F. DIVINE, Geo'l Manager. Gen'l Sup't T M EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

w EMERSON, Gen'l Pass Agent Atlantic Coast Line

WILMINGTON, COLUMBIA AND AF GUSTA RAILROAD.

Condensed Schedule. Dated January 14, 1900

TRAINS GOING SOUTH No. 55 No. 35

p. m. Leave Wilmington Leave Marion 6 34 Arrive Florence 7 15 p. ma Leave Florence •7 45 •2 34 Arrive Sumter 8 57 3 56 No. 52

Leave Sumter Arrive Columbia 10 20 11 00 No. 52 runs through from Charleston via Central R. R., leaving Charleston 7 a. m., anes 8 34 a m, Manning 9 09 a m

TRAINS GOING NORTH

•		
	No. 54	No. 53
	8. m.	p. m.
eave Columbia	6 40	•4 15
Arrive Sumter	8 05	5 35
		No. 32
	8. m	p m
Leave Sumter	8 05	6 06
Arrive Florence	9 20	7 39
7 -	8. m.	
Leave Florence	9 50	
Jeave Marion	10 24	
Arrive Wilmington	1 18	

Daily | Daily except Sunday. No 53 runs through to Charleston, S. C. ria Central R. R., arriving Manning 5 41 p

n, Lanes 6.17 p m, Charleston 8 00 p m. Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourg 5.35 pm, arrive Conway 7 40 pm, returnng ieuve Conway 8 30 a m, arrive Chadpourn 11 50 am, leave Chadbourn 11 50 a m, arrive Hub 12 25 p m, returning leave Hub 3.00 pm, arrive Chadbourn 3 35 am, Daily

except Sunday. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager P. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. 4. W EMERSON Gen'l Pass Agent

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